Content Management System

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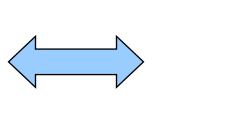
Collaborative editing

Publication Author (work at home)



Publication A

Company Manager



Publication reviewing



Web Site Editor











Traditional approach



Publication's content exchange via file copying using shared file server





<u>Deficiencies of this approach:</u>

- Content duplication / corruption / loss
- > Slow information access
- > Collaboration is not effective
- ➤ Hampered search / navigation
- > Access control absence
- Delays between exchange

CMS. Basic functionality



<u>Information Input / Creation:</u>

- **Information Management:**



Delivery:

- ✓ WYSIWYG-editor
- ✓ Documents import (word, html, xml)

✓ Collaboration

✓ HTML

✓ Structurization

✓ XML

✓ Revisions tracking

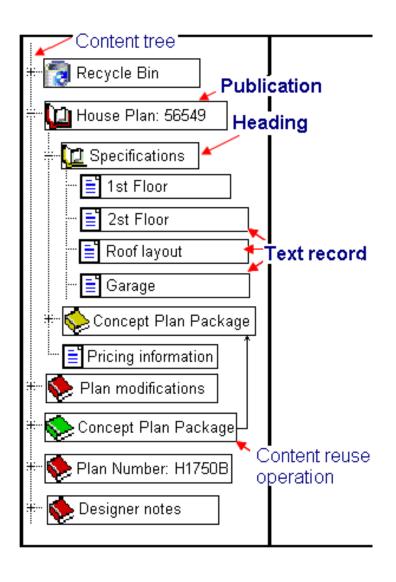
✓ CD

✓ Versioning

✓ PDF

✓ WorkFlow

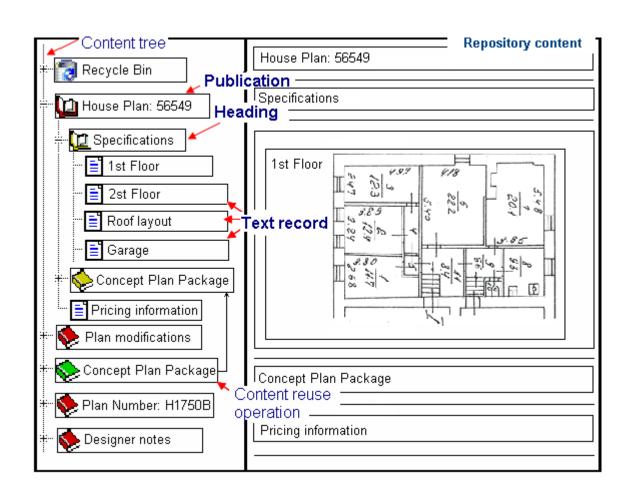
CMS. Basics



- Record –single content unit
- <u>Content tree</u> hierarchical content view

- <u>Publication</u> top-level container for documents
- Heading sub container for documents
- <u>Text</u> main place for content (styled text, images, meta information, tables)

CMS. Interface



Build and manage the publications graphically.

Continuous text is:

- modular
- classified
- integral

Operations:

- Create
- Delete
- Copy
- Move
- Reuse

Content creation / input







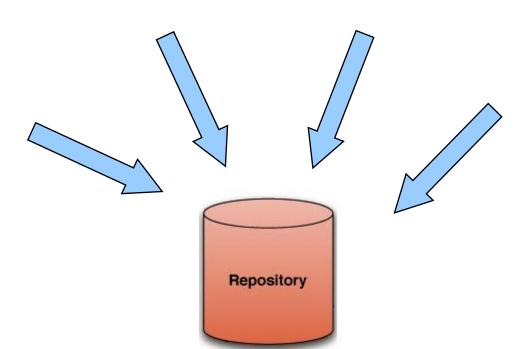


WYSIWYG-editor

WORD import

XML import

- Styles
- Formatting
- Tables
- Hyper Links
- Images



Content structuring

References

References mechanism provides navigation between records. It's possible to assign a link to every item in the repository. (See CMS. Basics) The link's destination can be a record as a whole or a particular part of text.

See also CMS Documentation

<u>Footnotes</u>

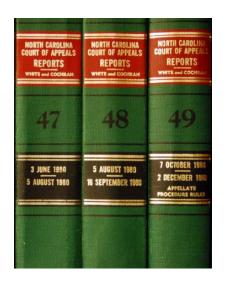
Mechanism for creation brief text comments¹



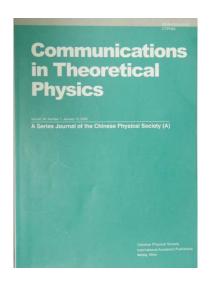
List of footnotes:

1 The text of the footnote can contain references

Citation



- Plaintiff
- Defendant
- Ex parte
- Case number
- Court ...etc.



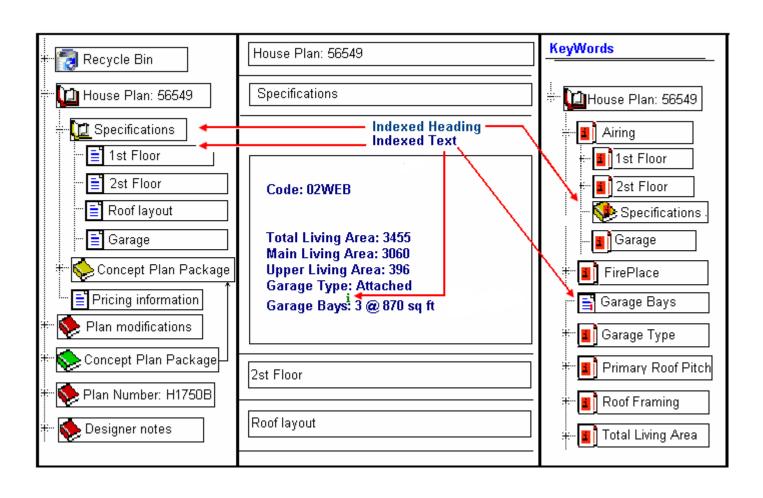
- ISBN
- Year
- Volume ...etc.



- Description
- Legislation type
- Number
- Notes ...etc.

References to the sources of different type (e.g. legislation, cases, journals) must be formatted in the standard way. The structure (number of fields) of every type is different. The component maintains lists of references and allows users to insert citations in the text.

Indexing / Table of Contents



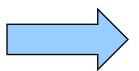
WorkFlow



Creation

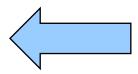


Archiving



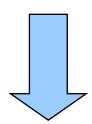


Document





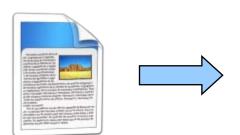
Editing / Validation / Backing





Seal

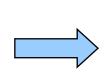
Versioning













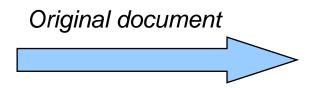
Version 1, Oct. 2008

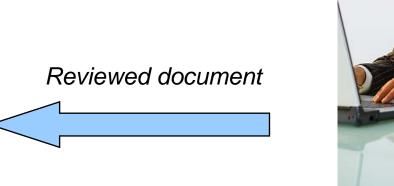
Version 2, Jan. 2009 Version 3, Apr. 2009

Print version, May, 2009

Tracking changes



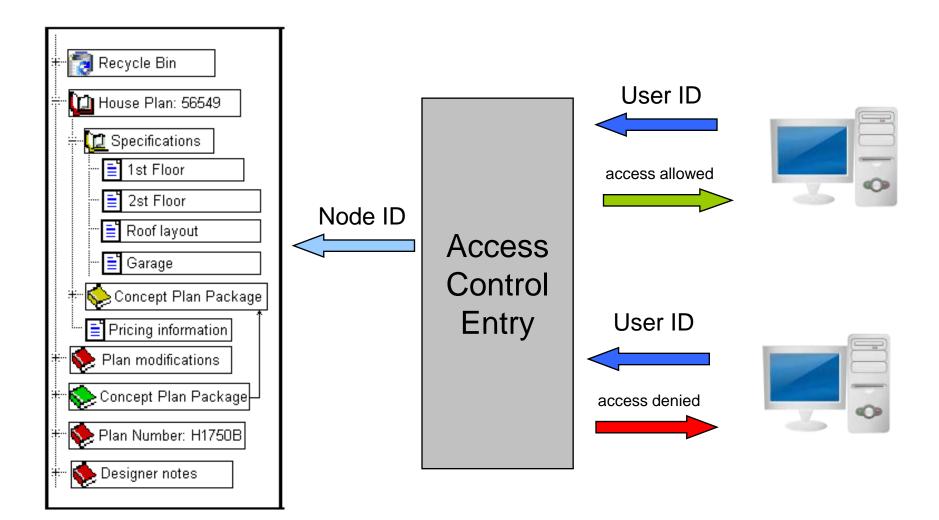






Track changes is a possibility for users to keep track of the changes a user makes or other users have made to a document (similar to MS WORD functionality). All changes changes are recorded and are visualized in order to ease the review of a document. All those changes can be accepted or rejected by the userEditor.

Security



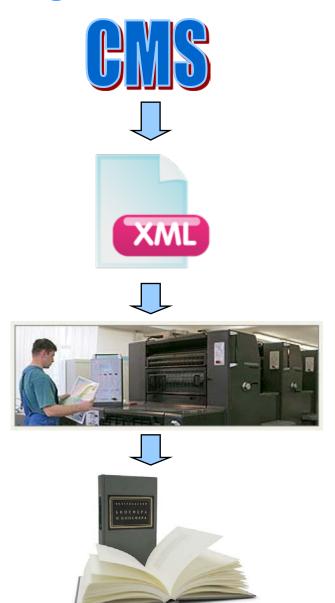
XML Delivery

1) Content creation in CMS.

2) Content delivery to XML file.

3) Providing typesetters with XML.

4) Creation of publication hardcopy.

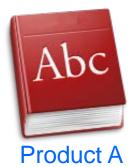


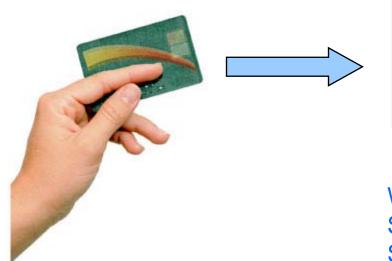
CD Delivery



- > Stand-alone desktop application
- > Full database copy
- Content structure is preserved
- > Effective search
- Convenient navigation (links)
- > Keywords

Web Delivery







Web **Subscription System**



Product B



CMS. Benefits

- Accessibility
- Adaptability
- **✓ Efficiency**
- **✓ Content durability**



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